The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 5241

MONDAY, JULY 23, 1744.

...ur laſt arrived the Mails due from Holland.

Moſcow, July 1.

THE Affair of the Marquis de la Chetardie remains ſtill the great Topick of Converſation. He had undertaken, to the Court of Verſailles, to bring the Czarina into an Alliance, the Plan of which had been drawn up by M. de Amelot; or, at leaſt, to prevent her adhering to the old Alliance with the Houſe of Auſtria. When he found this abſolutely impracticable, he was for making a ſhort Turn, and exciting a Revolt, in order to put the Government into the Hands of thoſe who were poſſeſſed of it before her preſent Imperial Majeſty ſucceeded to the Throne of her Father. It was with this View that he gave ſo many magnificent and coſtly Entertainments, held conſtant Aſſemblies at his Houſe, and gave ſuch glaring Teſtimonies of his Generoſity, or rather Profuſion, to the Ruſſian Nobility. Upon the ſtricteſt Examination, it does not appear that he has left a Penny of Debt behind him; but, in all Probability, he has expended a Million of Crowns ſince his laſt Journey hither. The Detection of the Conſpiracy was conducted with admirable Secrecy; the Order for carrying him Priſoner out of the Kingdom was ſign'd by her Majeſty, in an Aſſembly of the Miniſtry, on the 12th, tho' it was not ſignified to him till the 17th; and yet none of his Creatures obtained the leaſt Intelligence of it. Two Prelates, and Twenty other Perſons, have been arreſted on Account of the Share they have had in his Intrigues; the former will be ſent to Siberia, and the latter having already ſuffer'd the Knout, will follow them.

Stockholm, July 17. The Prince, Succeſſor to this Crown, will make ſome Stay at an Eſtate he has in the Neighbourhood of Carleſcroon, which belongs to him as Colonel of the Regiment of Scania; that as ſoon as he receives Intelligence of the Princeſs of Pruſſia being arrived, he may return to Carleſcroon, in order to receive her. General Keith ſet out on the 14th for Revel, where the Ruſſian Troops were to embark; and from thence they ſail next Day for Revel.

Florence, July 7. On the 30th of laſt Month a Courier paſſ'd thro' this City in his Way to Milan and Turin; the Camp which his Highneſs occupies at preſent is extremely ſecure, having a Wood on each Side, and a very narrow Road in Front; yet he is endeavouring to force it, in order to prevent the Enemy from taking any Advantage of his weakning his Army, by ſending ſeveral Detachments into the Abruzzo; thoſe that were lately ſent under the Command of the Counts Sora and Gorani, having been entirely defeated by the Spaniſh Officer who commands at Peſcara

Genoa, July 8. The French have, for ſome Time, employed 4000 Pioneers in clearing the Roads; and we have certain Intelligence, that their Forces, in Conjunction with thoſe of Spain, are already advanced as far as Coni, with a View to attack either Finiſtrales or Exiles; in which his Majeſty has taken a Reſolution to ſet out to the Army, accompanied by the Duke of Savoy, To-morrow Morning.

Leghorn, July 7. The Engliſh Squadron, under the Command of Admiral Matthews, is ſtill at Vado; where, on their Arrival, the Squadron was ſaluted with 21 Pieces of Cannon, and the Flag by 39; both which Salutes were immediately returned. We are aſſured, that this Squadron will inſtantly ſail to the Gulph of Spezzia, in order to refreſh and refit. It conſiſts of 42 Sail; viz. 18 Men of War of the Line, 8 Frigats, a Fireſhip, 7 Bomb Veſſels, and 8 Tranſports. There are ſome ſmall Veſſels that cruize along the Coaſt; and we have a Man of War of 60 Guns, another of 50, and a Galliot, in this Harbour. The Hoſpitals which the Spaniards had eſtabliſhed at Final and Villafranca, are removed to Antibes.

Edinburgh, July 21. Yeſterday an Expreſs paſſ'd thro' this City from Vienna to Copenhagen, charg'd with Diſpatches of great Importance. We are inform'd, that Count Lubras carried a Meſſage of ſuch a Nature from the Czarina to his Pruſſian Majeſty, as engaged him to make his Encampments in Sileſia; and to reſolve of Peace for the future, in perfect Harmony with the Court of Vienna. The Troops in Courland and Livonia are certainly in Motion; and we have good Intelligence from Mittau, that the Election of a Duke of Courland will be brought on about the Month of November; and it is thought Prince Chriſtian Auguſtus of Anhalt Zerbſt will, after all, be the Perſon, as having equally the Support of the Courts of Petersbourg and Dreſden.

Franckfort, July 14. On the 12th arrived here Major-General Bretlach, whom Prince Charles had ſent with a Commiſſion to the Elector of Mentz. He reports, that the Imperial and French Army abandon'd Weiſſenburg again, the Day after they had made themſelves Maſters of it, and had poſted themſelves behind the Motter, two Leagues beyond Haguenau; that by the Dead found upon the Field of Battle, after the Action near Weiſſenburg, it appeared that they had loſt about 3500 Men; and that a Letter from the Governor of Landau to Prince Charles, to deſire a Paſſport for the Wounded, ſhews, that their Wounded, Part of whom they left at Weiſſenburg, having carried the reſt with them to Haguenau, amount to about the ſame Number: That the Auſtrian Detachment commanded by General Nadaſti, conſiſting entirely of irregular Troops, had only loſt 800 Men, and had about 300 wounded: That the ſaid Detachment, after the French had abandoned Weiſſenburg, and were retired behind the Motter, as aforeſaid, had poſſeſſed themſelves of the Foreſt of Haguenau; but that the main Auſtrian Army, being poſted from Lauterburg up the Rhine, beyond Beinheim, and along the Lauter to beyond Weiſſenburg, the Enemy's Army is thereby cut off from all Communication with Landau and Fort Louis, and the Way into Lorrain lies entirely open to the Auſtrians. A few Days muſt ſhew, whether Prince Charles, who, according to Advices from his Army of the 11th Inſtant, was to break up from Lauterburg the next Day, will take the Way of Lorrain, or go in Queſt of the Enemies, who have begun to entrench themſelves in a very advantageous Camp behind the Motter; and whether, in this latter Caſe, the Enemy will ſtand an Attack, conſidering their Army has been very much weakened, partly by the Detachments of 10 Battalions for reinforcing Landau, and of four others ſent to Fort Louis, partly by the incredible Deſertion, and partly by the great Loſſes they have ſuſtained in the Action near Weiſſenburg, and on other Occaſions. The Magiſtrates and civil Officers of Alſace repair from all Parts to the Auſtrian Army, to treat about the Contributions that have been demanded of the Country, where the Auſtrians, even their irregular Troops, if they meet with no Reſiſtance, keep as ſtrict Diſcipline as if they were not in an Enemy's Country. It is ſaid, that in Fort Louis they want ſufficient Proviſions; and ſome are of Opinion, that if the Auſtrians are furniſhed with heavy Artillery, the ſaid Place cannot hold out above ten Days after the Opening of the Trenches.

Vienna, July 15. M. de Morocz, Colonel Commandant of the Regiment of Huſſars Ghyiani, is arrived here with the Particulars of what paſſed between the French and Auſtrian Armies at Lauterbourg and Weiſſenburg. He brought with him the Kettle Drums, Standards, and Pair of Colours, taken by our Army, which, as the Hungarians had the chief Share in the Actions, the Queen has commanded to be ſent to Presburg, into which Place, the Officers is ordered to make the ſame Entry, preceded by Poſtillions, as he did here.

Rheinhauſen, July 18. Prince Charles of Lorrain's Head Quarters were the Day before Yeſterday at Drumbach, a Village about three Leagues above Lauterbourg, in the Neighbourhood of Fort Louis. Eight Hundred French, who had marched out of that Place upon the 13th, in order to ſurprize General Nadaſti, who was buſy in reconnoitring, were themſelves ſurprized by the ſaid General; for he being adviſed in Time of their Deſign, ſent to the Prince for a ſpeedy and ſufficient Succour, in which he ſucceeded ſo well, that he took the 800 Men between the Fires, and put them all to the Sword. Beſides this Advantage, the General is now in a Condition to make himſelf Maſter of the Outward Fortifications, and the Head of the Bridge of Fort Louis, the Garriſon, by the Loſs of theſe 800 Men, being much weakened. They are now endeavouring to carry the Place itſelf, and from Two o'Clock in the Afternoon of Yeſterday, great Firing of Cannon has been heard, without Intermiſſion, till two Hours after Midnight. Thirteen Thouſand French are arrived at Landau, with an Intention to join the Army of M. de Coigny, but not being able to effect this Junction as yet, they remain under the Cannon of Landau. It is affirmed, that the Auſtrians have made themſelves Maſters of the Lines of Haguenau, but the Circumſtances are not mentioned. Twenty-four Thouſand Auſtrians are in March through Franconia and Suabia to join the Army of Prince Charles. Thoſe in Franconia, to the Number of 12,000, had already, upon the 14th, got as far as the Neighbourhood of Wurtebourg. Upon the Junction of all theſe Troops, the Army of Prince Charles will amount at leaſt to 100,000 Men.

Oudenarde, July 17. The French have been buſy from Three o'Clock this Morning to Seven, in detaching 10,000 Men to the Rhine; To-morrow a like Detachment is to be made, which is to be followed the Day after by another; they conſiſt of Horſe as well as Foot. The French King's Houſhold Troops arrived at the Camp at Harlebeck this Day. They are encamped a Quarter of a League beyond the River. The Carabineers make the Left on the Side of Harlebeck. All the Regiments caſt Lots which are to march to the Rhine. The Army which was encamped on this Side in two Lines, is to decamp To-morrow, the 18th, and to repaſs the River Lys, in order to encamp beyond it. Their Camp will reach from Harlebeck to Courtrai. The French King is to be at Courtrai To-morrow, or on Sunday, and great Preparations are making to receive him. The Remainder of the Troops employed in the Siege of Furnes, marched from thence on the 16th, and arrived the next Day in the Neighbourhood of Courtrai. Major-General Guy's Regiment is expected to arrive here this Day, and the Day after To-morrow, Major-General Kinſchot's, and D'Ehars's Regiments are expected. The whole Reinforcement, which is coming up, will incamp here by the Town, very near in a Line, with the reſt of the Army.

Oudenarde, July 18. Yeſterday Morning the Corps of Troops, which was encamped at Heule, and conſiſted of 15,000 Men, marched to reinforce the Army under Marſhal Coigny; and Orders were given Yeſterday Night, to another Corps of 15,000 Men from the Army of the Count de Saxe, to ſet out this Morning for Alſace. Yeſterday in the Afternoon, at Four o'Clock, all the Artillery and Warlike Stores belonging to Count Saxe's Army, were conducted into the Town of Courtrai.

Oudenarde, July 25. By Letters from Liſle of the 19th, there is an Account, that the French King, who was to leave Dunkirk that Day, was to go into Alſace; that Part of his Equipage was ſet out; that his Apartments at Liſle were unfurniſhed; and that he would go directly from Dunkirk to Rheims, in order to avoid the Auſtrian Huſſars, and to join Marſhal Coigny.

Bruſſels July 23. The Dutch Regiments of Smiſſart, Roeckhuyſen, Van Dorth, Buddenbroeck, Kinſchott, Bentinck, Elias, and Guy, with three Squadrons of Saodonville, three of Linden, and one of Heſſe Hombourg, are marched thro' this Place to the Army, and will be immediately followed by other Troops, to the Number of 12,550, the laſt of which will arrive here the 28th Inſtant, N. S. and on the 25th, their Train of Artillery, Pontons, and Ammunition, with a Detachment of Gunners, will begin to march from Bredah, under a ſtrong Eſcorte, for Antwerp and Bruſſels. It is ſaid here, that the Troops under the Command of the Duke de Harcourt, are to re-place thoſe under Marſhal Belleiſle upon the Upper Maeze, who is to march into Alſace with 15,000 Men; that the French King is gone to Compeigne, from whence it is thought he will go to Metz. That all the Houſhold Troops, and as many more as will make up the Number of 30,000 Men, are detached from the Duke de Noailles's Army towards the Rhine. That the Count de Saxe, with the Remainder, is intrenching himſelf behind the New Lines which they have formed behind Menin and Ypres; and that General Bathiani is upon his March from Bavaria with 24,000 Men, and the Train of heavy Artillery, to join Prince Charles.

Hague, July 24. The French King's Reſolution of repairing in Perſon, attended by M. Roailles, and a Detachment from the Netherlands of near 30,000 Men, to the Relief of Alſace, is confirmed from Dunkirk, and other Places. The ſeveral Corps of which this Detachment is to be compoſed, are ſaid to have been in Motion ever ſince the 20th Inſtant; and the French King himſelf is ſuppoſed to have ſet forward as this Day from Arras for Metz, where he propoſes to arrive by the 5th of next Month. We have no News of Prince Charles's Operations ſince the 13th Inſtant, but by the Way of Franckfort; which mention the French being driven from behind the Motter to Brompt, within two Leagues of Strasbourg, and a conſiderable Corps of Auſtrians having inveſted Fort Lewis, and entirely cut off 600 Men who had made a Sally out of that Garriſon. M. Belleiſle's Corps is ſaid to be in March for Alſace under the Command of his Brother, the Marſhal being ſo ill that he cannot ſit on Horſeback.

HOME PORTS.

Portſmouth, July 20. Yeſterday came to Spithead his Majeſty's Ship the Saphire, Captain Saunders, from the Downs; the Molly, Belcher, for the Weſt Indies; the John and Elizabeth, Orett, from Shoreham for Lisbon;

the Edward and Mary, Morris, the Providence, Torbeck, the Two Sisters, Penny, and the Mary, Roberts, all from Newcastle.

Deal, July 20. Wind N. E. This Morning sailed to the Northward the Vulture Sloop of War. Remains the Outward-bound as per last; with the Mary, Wish, for Plymouth.

Deal July 21. Wind N. E. Came down last Night his Majesty's Sloop Grampus, the Braganza, Lyon, for Lisbon; the Antelope, Snow, on a Cruize, and sailed this Morning with all the Outward-bound Ships.

Gravesend, July 20. Passed by the Imperial Anne, Harman, from Leghorn, last from Stangate Creek; and the Stuberlin, Childmore, from Steten.

Arrived

At Burlington, the Three Brothers, Johnson, from North Carolina.

LONDON.

We learn by private Letters from Petersbourg, that Things are in the utmost Motion at Moscow, whether the Empress has summon'd all the Governors of Provinces to attend her in a Month; and that on the 22d of last Month two Couriers arrived there in 55 Hours from that City, staid no longer than to change their Horses, and continued their Route for Riga. It is said, they are charg'd with Orders relating to M. de la Chetardie.

They write from Mantua, that General Pestaliuzzi had passed thro' this City in his Way to Vienna, whither he is gone to justify himself. He complains heavily of Prince Lobkowitz; who, notwithstanding the Expostulation of the other Generals, would not allow him 3000 Men for the Defence of that Post, which he lost merely for want of a sufficient Number of Troops to guard so large an Extent of Ground. It was a Genoese Deserter who inform'd the Count de Gages of the Means by which that General might be surprized, and received from the M. de Gages a Present of 200 Sequins in Gold.

The Queen of the Two Sicilies has been safely deliver'd of a Prince at Gaeta; on which Account prodigious Rejoicings were to be made at Naples, when the Express, who brought this News, set out for Dresden.

Private Letters from the Hague say, that his Serene Highness Prince Charles of Lorrain has already made himself Master of Fort Louis; and that he propos'd dividing his Army, in order to put the French Reinforcements, that are marching to join M. Coigny, between two Fires. But, perhaps, this Piece of Intelligence may be a little premature.

The 12th Inst. his Excellency Count Wassener had his Audience of Leave of the French King at Arras; after which he set out immediately for the Hague, where he proposed to be in seven Days, in order to report to their High Mightinesses the Success of his Negotiations, which are now absolutely concluded; so that we may soon expect the Declaration of the Dutch.

The Marshal Count de Saxe having drawn together all his Detachments, has begun to intrench himself behind the Lys. He has with him 64 Battalions and 107 Squadrons; but it is said that these are so weak, as not to make in the whole above 43,000 Men; so that he will be only able to act on the Defensive, and cover the Conquests that have been made in the Beginning of the Campaign.

They write from Santa Cruz in Barbary, that the Plague is broke out there to a frightful Degree; there dying ten or twelve Persons a Day out of a Place where they usually bury but one in a Month.

On the 25th, N. S. a great Council of War was held at the Head Quarters of the Army of the Allies near Oudenarde, which lasted from half an Hour after Twelve in the Morning till Ten at Night; but what Resolution was taken therein is not known.

They write from Amsterdam, that the Whale Fishery on the Coast of Greenland has been carried on this Year with unusual Success, one Ship lately arrived in the Texel having caught 30; whereas in former Years three has been accounted a good, and five an extraordinary Voyage. The Hamburghers have also been very fortunate in the same Trade.

The following Dutch Ships of War are arrived at Spithead; viz. the Oordreyht, Vice-Admiral Hooft, 54 Guns, and 300 Men; the Damiate, Vice-Admiral Scriver, 64 Guns, and 325 Men; the Leeuwenhorst, Rear-Admiral Reynst, 54 Guns, and 270 Men; the Edam, Capt. Trensel, 54 Guns, and 270 Men; the Assendelst, Capt. Boudaen, 54 Guns, and 270 Men; the Delft, Captain Welesteyn, 54 Guns, and 270 Men.

The Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the 2d of August, is further prorogued to Thursday the 20th of September.

The Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, have appointed Capt. Dandrige, to be Captain of the Mary Galley, a 40 Gun Ship, now lying at Deptford.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Capt. Burrard to be a Lieutenant-Colonel in one of the Regiments of Marines in America.

To-morrow the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor will hold the 4th and last General Seal, after Trinity Term, at Lincoln's-Inn Hall.

The same Day a great Number of Prisoners will be removed from the New Goal in Southwark, to Croydon in Surry, in order to take their Trials at the Assizes there, which begins on Wednesday next.

Last Saturday a Boat was overset near the Three Cranes, wherein were two Men and a Woman, who were miraculously preserved by some Boats that put off to their Assistance.

This Day, at Ruckholt-house in Essex, will be a grand Concert of Musick, and several Concertos and Solos on the Violin, by the famous Mr. Kneller; to which will be added, a new Song by Signiora Avolio; made to the favourite Musette in the Amorous Goddess: And several Concertos on the German Flute, by Mr. Burk Thumoth. Breakfasting to begin at 9 o'Clock, each Person to pay Two Shillings Admittance. The same to be continued in the Afternoon; each Person to pay (after Two o'Clock) One Shilling Admittance. The Evening Entertainments to begin at Four o'Clock, and continue till Eight at Night. Proper Cooks are provided every Day in the Week, and Plenty of Fish; and the Doors free, except Monday. The Gates at Hummerton and Temple-Mills will be Toll free.

BANKRUPTS.

Daniel Davis, now or late of Wolverhampton, in the County of Stafford, Chapman and Dealer in Iron.

John Holland, of Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, Chapman.

		Morning		Evening	
High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	}	08	28	09	02

Bank Stock. Nothing done. India, 181 to 180 1-half. South Sea, 109 1-half. Old Annuity, 112 1-4th. New ditto, 112 1-4th. Three per Cent. 94 1-half. Ditto 1743, 94 1-half. Ditto 1744, 93 3-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 78. London Assurance, 11. India Bonds, 3 l. 1 s. to 3 l. Prem. Bank Circulation, 5 l. 10 s. Prem. Sat Tallies, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 100. Three per Cent. ditto, 90. Million Bank, 115. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 11 l. 4 s. 6 d. to 5 s.

Custom-House, London, July 16, 1744.

For SALE,

By Order of the Hon. the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, &c.

ON *Thursday the 26th, and Friday the 27th Instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoons of the same Days, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-House, London,*

Several Parcels of Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee Raw and Roasted, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Arrack, Cordial Waters, and Tobacco, clear of all Duties.

To be seen at the King's Warehouse, on Monday the 23d, and Tuesday the 24th Instant, from Eight to Twelve in the Forenoons, and from Three to Five in the Afternoons; and in the Morning before the Sale.

Where Catalogues will be delivered.

To be SOLD,

FINE New Chianti Florence Wine (just Imported) by Messieurs Smith and Wilcox, at the Three Conies in Cannon-Street.

Advertisement.

TO be peremptorily Sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, Chancery-lane, this Day, being the 23d Day of July Inst. between Four and Six in the Afternoon, the several Manors or Lordships of Soberton, East Hoe, and Faulkeners Pleck, and other the Estates late of Thomas Lewis, Esq; deceased, in the several Parishes of Soberton, Droxford, Meon, Stoke, Stoke Hambleton, Bishops Waltham, and Alverstoke, and elsewhere, in the County of Southampton; the whole being a beautiful and improvable Estate, and now Lett at a very reasonable Rent to the several Tenants; who pay all Repairs and Out-going, and half the Land Tax; and situate in a fine pleasant Country, about ten Miles from Portsmouth, Southampton, and Winchester; with many large and extensive Royalties and Jurisdictions, as well as advantageous Privileges belonging to the same, together with a capital Mansion-House, being large and convenient for a numerous Family; with large and convenient Offices, Stables, Coach-Houses, and Gardens, all in very good Repair. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

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THE PROCEEDINGS on the Last Commissions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer for the City of London and County of Middlesex, before the Right Hon. Sir ROBERT WESTLEY, Knt. Lord Mayor of the City of London; the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice Willes, the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Baron, Mr. Justice Wright, Sir Simon Urling, Knt. Baron, on the 28th, 29th, and 30th of June, and the 2d of July.

Wherein are contained the Trials of Wm. Cox and John Cox for a Street Robbery.

Wm. Quaundon, for a Burglary, in breaking open the House of Mr. Shatford, at the Baker and Basket, in Hog-lane.

James Gulliland, for uttering and publishing a forged and counterfeit Will, of Robert Callaways, late a Mariner, belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Hector.

Francis Stanton, for uttering and publishing a forged Will of Michael Ryans, late a Mariner on board the Tartar.

Ann Brogden, for uttering and publishing a forged Will of John Frails, a Mariner.

Christian Squire, for fraudulently obtaining Letters of Administration to Stephen Newing, late a Midshipman of the Burford, by pretending to be the Sister of the Deceased, who is to stand on the Pillory near the Navy Office.

Lydia Adler, for the Murder of her Husband.

Francis Perry, a young Lad, for the Murder of Thomas Perry, a Boy of 14 Years of Age.

Elisabeth Sullivan and *Catherine Dixon*, for picking a Pocket of Thomas Mynet. And

Elisabeth Turner, for privately stealing a Watch from the Person of Samuel Tuck, at a House in St. Giles's.

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All such likewise as doubt they have some remains licks of former Injuries, may by a few Doses of it themselves from all Suspicion of that Kind; for no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever main in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; Account, in all scorbutick, scrophulous, and Eruptions or Foulnesses of the Skin, Glandulous and Impurities of the Juices, it does more than any other Medicine yet known can by ten.

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